



Water Efficiency (WE)



Indoor Water Use Reduction

Because the Indoor Water Use Reduction section is designed around an *efficiency first* model, the prerequisite deals only with the efficiency of *fixtures and fittings, appliances* and *processes* that use *potable* water. Alternative or nonpotable water sources that offset potable water demand are addressed in the corresponding credit.

Reducing indoor water consumption includes the following:

- fixtures and fittings (*prerequisite and credit*)
- appliances and process water (*prerequisite and credit*)

Baseline water consumption of fixtures and fittings

- Water closets (toilets) 1.6 gallons per flush (gpf) / 6 liters per flush (lpf)
- Urinals 1.0 (gpf) / 3.8 lpf
- Public lavatory faucets 0.5 gpm at 60 psi / 1.9 lpm at 415 kPa
- Private lavatory faucets 2.2 gpm at 60 psi / 8.3 lpm at 415 kPa
- Kitchen faucets 2.2 gpm at 60 psi / 8.3 lpm at 415 kPa
- Shower heads 2.5 gpm at 80 psi per shower stall / 9.5 lpm at 550 kPa



Standards for Appliances

- Residential clothes washers ENERGY STAR or performance equivalent
- Commercial clothes washers CEE Tier 3A
- Residential dishwashers ENERGY STAR or performance equivalent
- Prerinse spray valves ≤ 1.3 gpm (4.9 lpm)
- Ice machines ENERGY STAR or performance equivalent



gallons per flush (gpf)/liters per flush (lpf): measurement of water used by *flush* fixtures (e.g. water closets and urinals)

gallons per minute (gpm)/liters per minute (lpm): measurement of water used by *flow* fixtures (e.g. faucets, shower heads, aerators, sprinkler heads)